Media – AIR	Standard Name	Population	Exposure Scenario	H/HD/HT	GA (Tabun)	GB (Sarin)	GD/GF	vx	Lewisite	Notes/ Status
Airborne Exposure Limits (AELs) mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>IDLH</b> (Immediately Dangerous to Life/Health)	civilian/ DoD worker	one time exposure	NA	<del>0.2</del>	<del>0.2</del>	<del>0.06</del>	<del>0.02</del>		US Army established new policy 18 June 2004 ( <i>ref a</i> ), re: Airborne Exposure Limits for Nerve and Blister Agents. The implementing policy endorses use of CDC's recently recommended new AELs for agents GA, GB, VX { <i>Federal Register</i> notice 9 Oct 2003; <i>ref b</i> }, and sulfur mustard (H, HD) { <i>FR</i> notice 3 May 2004; <i>ref c</i> }, as well as new AELs for additional agents GD, GF (these other agents were based on relative potency to the new CDC value of GB per <i>ref d</i> ). The Army policy applies to all agent operations and activities except tactical military operations and training. The policy includes new procedures including use of the STEL, which is a new AEL not addressed by previous Army Regs/DA Pams or related procedures. In general, the STEL is considered a more appropriate value for many alarm-based procedures that previously were based on the 8-hr TWA (WPL). The policy supersedes existing DA policies, regs, and DA Pams where guidance conflicts.
				0.7 <sup>a,b</sup>	0.1 <sup>a,c</sup>	0.1 <sup>a,c</sup>	0.05 <sup>a,d</sup>	0.003 <sup>a,c</sup> **	NA	
	<b>STEL</b> (Short-Term Exposure Limit)	civilian/DoD worker	occasional 15- minute exposure	<mark>0.003</mark> <sup>a,b</sup> [3E-3]	<mark>0.0001</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [1E-4]	<mark>0.0001</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [1E-4]	<mark>0.00005<sup>+</sup>⁴</mark> [5E-5]	<mark>0.00001 <sup>a,c</sup> [1E-5]**</mark>		
	WPL (Mortor	a halliana (Da D	Time- weighted	<del>0.003</del>	<del>0.0001</del>	<del>0.0001</del>	<del>0.00003</del>	<del>0.00001</del>	0.003 <sup>e,f***</sup>	
	(Worker Population Limit)	civilian/DoD worker	average (TWA) for daily, 8- hour, 30 year exposure	<mark>0.0004</mark> <sup>a,b</sup> [4E-4]	<mark>0.00003</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [3E-5]	<mark>0.00003</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [3E-5]	<mark>0.00003</mark> <sup>a,d</sup> [3E-5]	<mark>0.000001</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [1E-6]**		
	GPL	civilian general	24-hour/daily.	<del>0.0001</del>	<del>0.000003</del>	<del>0.000003</del>	<del>0.000001</del>	<del>0.000001</del>	0.003 <sup>e,f***</sup>	
	(General Population Limit)	population	lifetime TWA	<mark>0.00002</mark> <sup>a,b</sup> [2E-5]	<mark>0.000001</mark> <sup>a,c</sup> [1E-6]	<mark>0.000001</mark> ª.º [1E-6]	<mark>0.000001</mark> <sup>a,d</sup> [1E-6]	<mark>0.0000006 <sup>a,c</sup> [6E-7]**</mark>		a typo. ** See next page for info re: new VX data. *** Since no longer in US Stockpile, no re-evaluation of Lewisite performed since 1988 CDC-approved AELs. (see more next page)
	AEGL - LEVEL 1		10 MIN:	0.40	0.0069	0.0069	0.0035	0.00057		
Acute Exposure Guideline Levels* (AEGLs) mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Potential minor discomfort or noticeable effects; reversible	civilian general population one time exposure for emergency/ accident scenario	30 MIN:	0.13	0.0040	0.0040	0.0020	0.00033	NA <sup>¥</sup>	No sharman ta AFOI walvan
			1 HR:	0.067	0.0028	0.0028	0.0014	0.00017		NO Changes to AEGL values
			4 HR:	0.017	0.0014	0.0014	0.00070	0.00010		*Lewisite AEGLs are now under development by the National Advisory Committee on AEGLs, anticipated proposal of draft values
			8HR:	0.0083	0.0010	0.0010	0.00050	0.000071		in mid-2005
	AEGL- LEVEL 2		10 MIN:	0.60	0.087	0.087	0.044	0.0072		Final CWA AEGLs were published in May 04 by National Research
	Level where more obvious effects begin; potentially impacting functional abilities or ability to escape; potential delayed recovery		30 MIN:	0.20	0.050	0.050	0.025	0.0042		Council (NRC) Committee on Toxicology (COT) (available at
			1 HR:	0.10	0.035	0.035	0.018	0.0029		www.nap.eou) rer g,
			4 HR:	0.025	0.017	0.017	0.0085	0.0015		AEGLs are guidelines not regulatory standards. However, there is an Army-FEMA policy letter requiring use of these AEGLs for the
			8HR:	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.0065	0.00104		Chemical Stockpile Emergency Planning Program (CSEPP) <i>ref h</i> .
	AEGL - LEVEL 3		10 MIN:	3.9	0.76	0.38	0.38	0.029		AEGL 2 as action level for shelter in place/evacuation); but policy
			30 MIN:	2.7	0.38	0.19	0.19	0.015		includes allowance for site-specific (State, local) decision-making.
	Life threatening;		1 HR:	2.1	0.26	0.13	0.13	0.010		USACHPPM has also prepared fact sheets on AEGLs and their
	Level of potential		4 HR:	0.53	0.14	0.070	0.070	0.0052		
	initia ratantos		8HR:	0.27	0.10	0.051	0.051	0.0038		
МЕСо		USACHPPM Te	chnical Guide 23	30 ( <i>ref i</i> ) pro	vides MEGs	(for industrial	chemicals a	s well as the ag	gents listed	here) and application guidance for assessing/characterizing
meGs mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Guidelines (Air)	(next version due out Jan-Feb 2005) to accommodate several NRC recommendations and other new information. The new versions will include slightly modified CWA MEGs								
		which will be bas	sed on lindings (		rivi rechnical	Report 47-E	<u>ivi-5863-04 (</u>	see ret j delow,	)	

## Table 1. Summary of Chemical Agent Air\* Exposure Values: Existing Information as of 8/03/04 POC: V. Hauschild, USACHPPM, 410-436-5213

HIGHLIGHTED values indicate changes from previous version (April 03) of this Table

BLACK Numbers are final approved values documented by official Army regulation/policy as well as CDC

GREEN Numbers are final approved values documented by official Army regulation/policy but are not addressed by CDC/other Federal agency

BLUE Numbers have been developed/endorsed by non-DoD federal proponents for Army and non-Army use

**RED** indicates previous official DA/CDC values that are now obsolete; outdated/superseded references

The criteria listed in this Table are designed for protection from inhalation and ocular exposures as most sensitive exposure routes; separate vapor exposure limits for percutaneous vapor absorption are also now officially endorsed by Army for occupational use [in mg/m<sup>3</sup> GA = 11.1; GB = 6.0; GD/GF= 1.5; VX= 0.13; and H=0.1; per *ref d*)

<sup>\*\*</sup> New 2004 data generated from animal toxicological studies specifically performed to assess validity of previous assumption re: VX toxicity (which is the warfare agent that had particularly limited toxicity data and was recommended to be studied further by the National Research Committee) are showing that the VX AELs may over estimate its toxicity (and thus be overly protective (low) AELs). Army has requested that the CDC consider the new data which is to be published in a report being prepared by the US Army Edgewood Chemical and Biological Center (ECBC) and is expected to be published @ end 2004. It is not yet known whether this will result in future reconsideration of the AELs for VX.

\*\*\* Lewisite AELs are all based on detection; no true IDLH exists (AR 385-61, Table 2-2 and 2-3)

## **REFERENCES:**

a) Department of the Army, Memorandum Subject: Implementation Guidance Policy for New Airborne Exposure Limits for GB. GA, GD, GF, VX, H, HD, and HT; signed by Mr. Raymond J. Fatz, Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army, (Environment, Safety and Occupational Health); OASA(I&E), June 18 2004.

b) Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Centers for Disease Control (CDC); Interim Recommendations for Airborne Exposure Limits for Chemical Warfare Agents H and HD (Sulfur Mustard); Federal Register, vol 69, No 85, pp 24164-2468, May 3 2004.

c) Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Centers for Disease Control (CDC); Final Recommendations for Protecting Human Health from Potential Adverse Effects of Exposure to Agents GA, GB, and VX; Federal Register, vol 68, No 196, pp58348-58351, Oct 9 2003.

d) Department of the Army Office of the Surgeon General Memorandum, Subject: Nerve Agent Percutaneous Exposure Criteria and Airborne Exposure Levels (AELs) for GD.GF in Use of Interim DA Guidance on Implementation of the New AELs, 29 June 2004

e) Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Centers for Disease Control (CDC); *Recommendations for Protecting Human Health and Safety Against Potential Adverse Effects of Long-Term Exposure to Low-Doses of Agents GA, GB, VX, Mustard Agents (H. HT, HD) and Lewisite (L), Federal Register, Vol. 53 No 50, page 8504, Tuesday, March 15, 1988.* SUPERCEDED BY ABOVE, EXCEPT FOR LEWISITE

f) AR 385-61: The Army Chemical Agent Safety Program; Safety; 28 February 1997 PARTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE NOW SUPERCEDED BY Reference a.

g) National Research Council (NRC) Volume 3, Acute Exposure Guidelines for Selected Airborne Chemicals, National Academy Press, Pre-Publication Advance Public copy 14 March, 2003, <u>www.nap.edu</u>

h) Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program, US Army and US Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Policy Paper #20 (Revised), Subject: Adoption of Acute Exposure Guidelines Levels (AEGLs); February 2003.

i) USACHPPM Technical Guide (TG) 230, Chemical Exposure Guidelines for Deployed Military Personnel, Current version: Version 1.3 with **May 2004 Update**; new version to be published in Jan-Feb 2005 – will have new CWA MEGs based on findings and conclusions of USACPPM Technical Report 47-EM-5863-04 (see *ref j* below).

j) USACHPPM Technical Report 47-EM-5863-04; Acute Toxicity Estimation and Operational Risk Management of Chemical Warfare Agent Exposures; May 2004.

## The following are references that were cited as key sources of values in the previous Update Table(s) but which are now largely superseded by newer references/policies listed above.

- DA Pamphlet 40-173: Occupational Health Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Exposure to Nerve Agents GA, GB, GD, and VX; Medical Services, 4 Dec 1990
- DA Pamphlet 40-8: Occupational Health Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Exposure to Mustard Agents H, HD, and HT; Medical Services, August 1991
- Draft REV Jan 03 DA Pmt 40-173: Occupational Health Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Exposure to Nerve Agents GA, GB, GD, and VX; Med Services, new draft pending, currently superseded by ref a
- Draft REV Jan 03 DA Pam 40-8: Occupational Health Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Exposure to Mustard Agents H, HD, and HT; Medical Services, new draft pending, currently superseded by ref a
- USACHPPM Technical Report: Evaluation of Airborne Exposure Limits for Sulfur Mustard (HD): Occupational and General Population Exposure Criteria, Technical Report 47-EM-3767-00, November, 2000
- Mioduszewski et al.; *Evaluation of Airborne Exposure Limits for G-Agents: Occupational and General Population Exposure Criteria*, ERDEC-TR-489; April 1998. (and February, 2000 Errata Summary)
- Reutter et al.; Evaluation of Airborne Exposure Limits for VX: Occupational and General Population Exposure Criteria; ECBC-TR-074; February 2000.