installment agreement, however, the IRS may authorize the Department of Justice to file a counterclaim or third-party complaint in a refund action or to join that person in any other proceeding in which liability for the tax that is the subject of the installment agreement or proposed installment agreement may be established or disputed, including a suit against the United States under 28 U.S.C. 2410. In addition, the United States may file a claim in any bankruptcy proceeding or insolvency action brought by or against such person. If a person named in an installment agreement is joined in a proceeding, the United States obtains a judgment against that person, and the case is referred back to the IRS for collection, collection will continue to occur pursuant to the terms of the installment agreement. Notwithstanding the installment agreement, any claim or suit permitted will be for the full amount of the liabilities owed.

(g) Suspension of the statute of limitations on collection. The statute of limitations under section 6502 for collection of any liability shall be suspended during the period that a proposed installment agreement relating to that liability is pending with the IRS, for 30 days immediately following the rejection of a proposed installment agreement, and for 30 days immediately following the termination of an installment agreement. If, within the 30 days following the rejection or termination of an installment agreement, the taxpayer files an appeal with Appeals, the statute of limitations for collection shall be suspended while the rejection or termination is being considered by Appeals. The statute of limitations for collection shall continue to run if an exception under paragraph (f)(2) of this section applies and levy is not prohibited with respect to the taxpayer.

(b) Annual statement. The Commissioner shall provide each taxpayer who is party to an installment agreement under this section with an annual statement setting forth the initial balance owed at the beginning of the year, the payments made during the year, and the remaining balance as of the end of the year.

(i) Biannual review of partial payment installment agreements. The Commissioner shall perform a review of the taxpayer’s financial condition in the case of a partial payment installment agreement at least once every two years. The purpose of this review is to determine whether the taxpayer’s financial condition has significantly changed so as to warrant an increase in the value of the payments being made or termination of the agreement.

(j) Cross reference. Pursuant to section 6601(b)(1), the last day prescribed for payment is determined without regard to any installment agreement, including for purposes of computing penalties and interest provided by the Internal Revenue Code. For special rules regarding the computation of the failure to pay penalty while certain installment agreements are in effect, see section 6651(h) and §301.6651–1(a)(4).

(k) Effective date. This section is applicable on the date final regulations are published in the Federal Register. Par. 4. Section 301.6331–4 is revised to read as follows:

§301.6331–4 Restrictions on levy while installment agreements are pending or in effect.

Cross-reference. For provisions relating to the making of levies while an installment agreement is pending or in effect, see §301.6159–1.

Mark E. Matthews,
Deputy Commissioner of Services and Enforcement.

[FR Doc. E7–3730 Filed 3–2–07; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
29 CFR Part 1910
[Docket No. OSHA–2007–0021]
RIN 1218–AC16
Announcement of Stakeholder Meetings on Occupational Exposure to Ionizing Radiation

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Announcement of stakeholder meetings.

SUMMARY: The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) invites interested parties to participate in informal stakeholder meetings on Occupational Exposure to Ionizing Radiation. These meetings are a continuation of OSHA’s information collection efforts on ionizing radiation.

DATES: Stakeholder meetings: The stakeholder meeting dates are:
1. 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., March 16, 2007, Washington, DC.
2. 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., March 26, 2007, Orlando, FL.

Notice of intention to attend a stakeholder meeting: You must submit a notice of intention to attend the Washington, DC, or Orlando, FL, stakeholder meeting by March 9, 2007.

ADDRESSES: Stakeholder meetings: The stakeholder meeting locations are:

2. For the location of the Orlando, FL, stakeholder meeting, contact Liset Navas at (202) 693–1950.

Notices of intention to attend a stakeholder meeting: You may submit your notice of intention to attend a stakeholder meeting by any of the following methods:

Electronic: OSHA encourages you to submit your notice of intention to attend to navas.liset@dol.gov.

Facsimile: You may fax your notice of intention to attend to (202) 693–1678.

Regular mail, express delivery, hand delivery, messenger and courier service: Submit your notice of intention to attend to Liset Navas, OSHA, Directorate of Standards and Guidance, Room N–3718, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone (202) 693–1950. The Department of Labor’s and OSHA’s normal hours of operation are 8:15 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., e.t.

Instructions: For further information on the stakeholder meetings and submitting notices of intention to attend one of the meetings, see the “Public Participation” heading in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this notice.

Because of security-related procedures, the use of regular mail may cause a significant delay in the receipt of notices of intention to attend. For information about security procedures concerning the delivery of materials by hand, express mail, messenger or courier service, please contact Liset Navas at (202) 693–1950.

Electronic copies of this Federal Register notice are available at http://www.regulations.gov. This document, non-attributed notes from the stakeholder meetings, as well as news releases and other relevant information, will also be available at OSHA’s Web page at http://www.osha.gov.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Background

The use of ionizing radiation has increased significantly in recent years. Today, ionizing radiation is used in a
wide variety of workplaces and operations, including security operations, hospitals and medical offices, dental offices, manufacturing worksites, research facilities, forestry and other agricultural worksites, and wastewater treatment plants.

In 2005, OSHA initiated information collection efforts to obtain data, information, and comment on the increased workplace use of ionizing radiation and other related issues. These efforts started with the publication of a Request for Information (RFI) on May 3, 2005 (70 FR 22828). OSHA received 51 comments in response to the RFI. To supplement this information, OSHA is inviting interested parties to attend informal stakeholder meetings on the Occupational Exposure to Ionizing Radiation. OSHA will use the data and materials obtained through these information collections efforts to determine, in conjunction with other Federal agencies, whether regulatory action is necessary to protect employees from ionizing radiation exposure.

OSHA’s standard on Ionizing Radiation (29 CFR 1910.1096) was adopted in 1971 pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act (29 U.S.C. 655). The standard has remained largely unchanged since that time.

OSHA’s Ionizing Radiation standard applies to all workplaces except agricultural operations and those workplaces exempted from OSHA jurisdiction under section 4(b)(1) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (the Act) (29 U.S.C. 653). Section 4(b)(1) states:

Nothing in this Act shall apply to working conditions with respect to which other Federal agencies, and State agencies acting under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (as amended), the Nuclear Nonproliferation Act of 1978, and other applicable statutes. Specifically, the NRC has the authority to regulate source, byproduct and certain special nuclear materials (e.g., nuclear reactor fuel). This authority covers radiation hazards in NRC-licensed nuclear facilities produced by radioactive materials and plant conditions that affect the safety of radioactive materials and thus present an increased radiation hazard to workers.

In 1988, OSHA and NRC signed a memorandum of understanding (MOU) delineating the general areas of responsibility of each agency (CPL 2.86, December 22, 1989). The MOU specifies that at NRC-licensed facilities OSHA has authority to regulate occupational ionizing radiation sources not regulated by NRC (CPL 2.86). Examples of non-NRC regulated radiation sources include X-ray equipment, accelerators, electron microscopes, betatrons, and some naturally occurring radiation sources (CPL 2.86). (See the Ionizing Radiation RFI (70 FR 22828) for additional information on sources of ionizing radiation exposure, workplace uses of ionizing radiation, and health effects of ionizing radiation exposure.)

Most recently, the Energy Policy Act of 2005 authorized NRC to regulate material made radioactive by accelerators by adding “accelerator-produced material” to the definition of “byproduct material” that NRC is authorized to license and regulate. The Energy Policy Act directed NRC to issue licensing and compliance oversight regulations to carry out the legislation. Until NRC issues and begins enforcing those regulations, OSHA retains authority over both accelerators and the materials they produce.

Stakeholder Meetings

OSHA intends to hold four stakeholder meetings on Occupational Exposure to Ionizing Radiation, two of which the Agency is announcing in this notice. OSHA will publish a Federal Register notice announcing the other two stakeholder meetings when meeting arrangements are finalized. The first stakeholder meeting, to be held in Washington, DC, will cover the uses of ionizing radiation in the healing arts, including medicine, dentistry, chiropractor services and veterinary medicine. The second stakeholder meeting, to be held in Orlando, FL, in conjunction with the Annual Research Symposium of the American Society for Nondestructive Testing, will cover nondestructive testing. The other two stakeholder meetings will cover non-medical use of accelerators and the use of ionizing radiation in security operations. OSHA encourages interested parties to attend only the stakeholder meeting that deals with their industry, occupation, or operation.

The stakeholder meetings will be an opportunity for informal discussion and the exchange of data, ideas, and points of view. To make the stakeholder meetings as productive as possible, OSHA is prepared to discuss the following issues relating to occupational exposure to ionizing radiation in their respective industries, occupations, or operations:

- Uses of ionizing radiation;
- Available exposure data;
- Controls utilized to minimize exposure; and
- Training.

In addition, OSHA will use the stakeholder meetings to discuss comments and materials received in response to the RFI.

Each stakeholder meeting will begin with OSHA’s presentation on Agency responsibilities related to occupational exposure to ionizing radiation followed by stakeholder questions. OSHA will devote the remainder of each meeting to informal discussions on the topics above and related issues. In particular, OSHA is interested in hearing firsthand from employers and employees found in reviewing exposure data. Meeting participants are not expected to prepare and present formal testimony.

Public Participation—Submission of Notices of Intention To Attend and Access to Docket

You may submit notices of intention to attend one of the stakeholder meetings (1) electronically, (2) by facsimile, or (3) by hard copy. All notices must identify the Agency name and docket number for this notice (Docket No. OSHA—2007–0021). Because of security-related procedures, the use of regular mail may cause a significant delay in the receipt of notices of intention to attend. For information about security procedures concerning the delivery of materials by hand, express mail, messenger or courier service, please contact Liset Navas at (202) 693–1950.

Notices of intention to attend a stakeholder meeting must include the following information:

- Name and contact information;
- Affiliation (e.g., organization, association), if any;
- The stakeholder meeting you plan to attend;
- Whether you wish to be an active participant or observer; and
- Whether you need any special accommodations in order to attend or participate in a stakeholder meeting.

For access to comments and materials received in response to the RFI, go to OSHA Docket No. H–016 on OSHA’s Web page at http://www.osha.gov.

Contact the OSHA Docket Office, Docket No. H–016, Room N–2625, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone (202) 693–2350 (OSHA’s TTY number is (877) 889–5627) for
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 63


RIN 2060–AM 75


AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule; extension of public comment period.

SUMMARY: EPA is announcing that the comment period on the proposed amendments to the General Provisions of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants published on January 3, 2007, is being extended until May 4, 2007.

DATES: Comments. The comment period has been extended from March 5, 2007. Comments must now be received on or before May 4, 2007.

ADDRESS: Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OAR–2004–0094, by one of the following methods:

- Hand Delivery: Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW, Room: 3334, Mail Code: 6102T, Washington, DC, 20460, Attention Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OAR–2004–0094. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Docket’s normal hours of operation, and special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information.

Instructions: Direct your comments to Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OAR–2004–0094. The EPA’s policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change and may be made available online at http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI or otherwise protected through, or by e-mail. Send or deliver information identified as CBI only to the following address: Mr. Roberto Morales, QA/QPS Document Control Officer, U.S. EPA (C404–02), Attention Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OAR–2004–0094, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. The Web site is an “anonymous access” system, which means EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. If you send an e-mail comment directly to EPA without going through , your e-mail address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the Internet. If you submit an electronic comment, EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information in the body of your comment and with any disk or CD–ROM you submit. If EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses.

Docket: All documents in the docket are listed in the index. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, (i.e., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute). Certain other material, such as copyrighted material will be publicly available only in hard copy. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically at http://www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air and Radiation Docket, EPA/DC, EPA West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Air and Radiation Docket is (202) 566–1742.

Note: The EPA Docket Center suffered damage due to flooding during the last week of June 2006. The Docket Center is continuing to operate. However, during the cleanup, there will be temporary changes to Docket Center telephone numbers, addresses, and hours of operation for people who wish to make hand deliveries or visit the Public Reading Room to view documents. Consult EPA’s Federal Register notice at 71 FR 38147 (July 5, 2006) or the EPA Web site at http://www.epa.gov/epahome/dockets.htm for current information on docket operations, locations and telephone numbers. The Docket Center’s mailing address for U.S. mail and the procedure for submitting comments to are not affected by the flooding and will remain the same.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rick Colyer, Program Design Group (D205–02), Sector Policies and Programs Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, telephone number (919) 541–5262, electronic mail (e-mail) address, colyer. rick@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulated Entities. Categories and entities potentially regulated by this action include all major sources regulated under section 112 of the CAA.

World Wide Web (WWW). In addition to being available in the docket, an electronic copy of today’s notice will be available on the WWW through the Technology Transfer Network (TTN). Following the Assistant Administrator’s signature a copy of this notice will be posted on EPA’s Technology Transfer Network (TTN) policy and guidance page for newly proposed or promulgated rules at http://www.epa.gov/tnn/oarp. The TTN provides information and technology exchange in various areas of air pollution control.

Comment Period: We received 2 requests to extend the public comment