expiration date will not be issued. Employers should not request proof of Honduran or Nicaraguan citizenship. Employers presented with an EAD that has been extended by this Federal Register notice and that appears to be genuine and to relate to the employee should accept the document as a valid List A document and should not ask for additional Form I–9 documentation.

This action by the Service through this Federal Register notice does not affect the right of an employee to present any legally acceptable document as proof of identity and eligibility for employment. Employers are reminded that the laws prohibiting unfair immigration-related employment practices remain in full force.

Employers may call the Service’s Office of Business Liaison Employer Hotline at 1–800–357–2099 to speak to a Service representative about this Notice. Employers can also call the Office of Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC) Employer Hotline at 1–800–255–8155. Employees or applicants can call the OSC Employee Hotline at 1–800–255–7688 about the automatic extension.

**Does This Notice Affect Any Other Portion of the May 8, 2001, Federal Register Notices Extending TPS Designation for Honduras and Nicaragua Until July 5, 2002?**

No, all other TPS requirements contained in the May 8, 2001, Federal Register notices at 66 FR 23269 and 66 FR 23271, respectively, are accurate and remain in effect.


Kevin D. Rooney,
Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 01–16745 Filed 6–29–01; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4410–01–M**

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**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

**Occupational Safety and Health Administration**

[Docket No. NRTL2–92]

**Canadian Standards Association, Renewal and Expansion of Recognition**

**AGENCY:** Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the Agency’s final decision on: (1) the application of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory under 29 CFR 1910.7, and (2) the application of the Canadian Standards Association for expansion of its recognition to use additional standards.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** The renewal becomes effective on July 3, 2001 and will be valid until July 3, 2006, unless terminated or modified prior to that date, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.7.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N3653, Washington, D.C. 20210, or phone (202) 693–2110.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Notice of Final Application**

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice of the renewal and expansion of recognition of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). CSA’s expansion request covers the use of additional test standards. The NRTL’s scope of recognition may be found in OSHA’s informational web page for the NRTL (http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/csa.html).

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in Section 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, employers may use products “properly certified” by the NRTL to meet OSHA standards that require testing and certification.

The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansion or renewal of this recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the Federal Register in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding and, in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on the application. These notices set forth the NRTL’s scope of recognition or modifications of that scope.

CSA originated in 1919 as the Canadian Engineering Standards Association (CESA), which was changed in 1944 to the present name. In 1940, CSA began to test and certify products.

CSA received its recognition as an NRTL on December 24, 1992 (see 57 FR 61452), for a period of five years ending December 24, 1997. Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. CSA submitted its renewal request on March 20, 1997 (see Exhibit 26A), within the time allotted, and CSA retains its recognition pending OSHA’s final decision in this renewal process. In July 1997, CSA acquired additional testing facilities from the American Gas Association (AGA). OSHA had recognized AGA operation of these facilities for NRTL status in 1990 (June 7, 1990, 55 FR 23312). OSHA was in the process of renewing its recognition of these facilities when CSA acquired them. Although OSHA was generally aware that CSA had made this acquisition, CSA did not officially inform OSHA until March 1999 as to how it wanted to treat these facilities within its NRTL operations. The NRTL Program staff withheld action on CSA’s renewal request until it received this information.

CSA has submitted a request, dated June 16, 1999 (see Exhibit 26B), to expand its recognition as an NRTL to include 195 additional test standards. The NRTL Program staff has determined that 51 of the 195 standards are not “appropriate test standards,” within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). The staff makes such determinations after processing expansion requests from any NRTL. Therefore, OSHA is approving 144 test standards for the expansion, which are listed below in the section on expansion.

OSHA published the required notice in the Federal Register on March 16, 2001, (66 FR 15261) to announce CSA’s renewal and expansion requests. This notice included a preliminary finding that CSA could meet the requirements in 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal and expansion of its recognition and invited public comment by April 2, 2001. OSHA received no comments concerning this notice.

In processing CSA’s requests, OSHA performed on-site reviews of CSA’s facilities listed below. NRTL Program staff recommended the renewal and expansion of CSA’s recognition in the on-site review report (see Exhibit 27). The following is a chronology of the other Federal Register notices published by OSHA concerning CSA’s recognition, all of which have involved an expansion of recognition for additional sites, standards, or programs:
a request announced on July 20, 1999 (64 FR 38926) and granted on November 4, 1999 (64 FR 60240); a request announced on December 10, 1993 (58 FR 64973) and granted on February 4, 1994 (59 FR 5446); a request announced on March 3, 1994 (59 FR 10173) and granted on August 9, 1994 (59 FR 40602); a request announced on December 8, 1994 (59 FR 63383) and granted on March 24, 1995 (60 FR 15595); and a request announced on July 12, 1996 (61 FR 36763) and granted on November 20, 1996 (61 FR 59110).

The renewal incorporates all recognitions granted to CSA through the date of publication of this preliminary finding.

You may obtain or review copies of all public documents pertaining to the CSA application by contacting the Docket Office, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N2625, Washington, D.C. 20210. You should refer to Docket No. NRTL–2–92, the permanent record of public information on the CSA recognition.

The current address of the CSA testing facilities already recognized by OSHA are:

- Canadian Standards Association, Etobicoke (Toronto), 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Etobicoke, Ontario, M9W 1R3
- CSA International, Pointe-Claire (Montreal), 865 Ellingham Street, Pointe-Claire, Quebec H9R 5E8
- CSA International, Richmond (Vancouver), 13799 Commerce Parkway, Richmond, British Columbia V6V 2N9
- CSA International, Edmonton, 1707–94th Street, Edmonton, Alberta T6N 1E6
- CSA International, Cleveland, 8501 East Pleasant Valley Road, Cleveland, Ohio 44131 (formerly part of the American Gas Association)
- CSA International, Irvine, 2805 Barranca Parkway, Irvine, California 92606 (formerly part of the American Gas Association)

Programs and Procedures

The renewal of recognition includes CSA’s continued use of the following supplemental programs and procedures, based upon the criteria detailed in the March 9, 1995 Federal Register notice (60 FR 12980, 3/9/95). This notice lists nine (9) programs and procedures (collectively, programs), eight of which an NRTL may use to control and audit, but not actually to generate, the data relied upon for product certification. An NRTL’s initial recognition will always include the first or basic program, which requires that all product testing and evaluation be performed in-house by the NRTL that will certify the product. OSHA has already recognized CSA for these programs, which are listed, as shown below, in OSHA’s informational web page on the CSA recognition (http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/csa.html).

Program 2: Acceptance of testing data from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 3: Acceptance of product evaluations from independent organizations, other than NRTLs.

Program 4: Acceptance of witnessed testing data.

Program 5: Acceptance of testing data from non-independent organizations.

Program 6: Acceptance of evaluation data from non-independent organizations (requiring NRTL review prior to marketing).

Program 7: Acceptance of continued certification following minor modifications by the client.

Program 8: Acceptance of product evaluations from organizations that function as part of the International Electrotechnical Commission Certification Body (IEC–CB) Scheme.

Program 9: Acceptance of services other than testing or evaluation performed by subcontractors or agents.

OSHA developed these programs to limit how an NRTL may perform certain aspects of its work and to permit the activities covered under a program only when the NRTL meets certain criteria. In this sense, they are special conditions of the Agency’s recognition of CSA, or, in the case of Program 9, application for recognition. OSHA has determined that each test standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). Some of the test standards for which OSHA previously recognized CSA were no longer appropriate at the time of preparation of the preliminary notice, primarily because they had been withdrawn by the standards developing organization. As a result, we have excluded these test standards from the listing below. However, under OSHA policy, the NRTL may request recognition for comparable test standards, i.e., other appropriate test standards covering similar types of product testing. Since a number of NRTLs are affected by such withdrawn standards, OSHA will publish a separate notice to make the appropriate substitutions for CSA and other NRTLs that were recognized for these standards. The Agency has contacted these NRTLs regarding this matter.

The Agency’s recognition of CSA, or any other NRTL, for a particular test standard is always limited to equipment or materials (products) for which OSHA standards require third party testing and certification before use in the workplace. An NRTL’s scope of recognition excludes any product(s) falling within the scope of the test standard for which CSA has no such requirements.

Final Decision and Order

The NRTL Program staff has examined the applications, the assessor’s report, and other pertinent information. Based upon this examination and the assessor’s recommendation, OSHA finds that the Canadian Standards Association has met the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.7 for renewal and expansion of its NRTL recognition. The renewal applies to the sites listed above. In addition, it covers the test standards listed below, and it is subject to the limitations and conditions, also listed below. Pursuant to the authority in 29 CFR 1910.7, OSHA hereby renews and expands the recognition of CSA, subject to these limitations and conditions.

Limitations

Renewal of Recognition of Facilities

OSHA limits the renewal of recognition of CSA to the 6 sites listed above. In addition, similar to other NRTLs that operate multiple sites, the Agency’s recognition of any CSA testing site is limited to performing testing to the test standards for which OSHA has recognized CSA and for which the site has the proper capability and control programs.

Renewal of Recognition of Test Standards

OSHA further limits the renewal of recognition of CSA to testing and certification of products to demonstrate conformance to the test standards listed below (see Listing of Test Standards). OSHA has determined that each test standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c). Some of the test standards for which OSHA previously recognized CSA were no longer appropriate at the time of preparation of the preliminary notice, primarily because they had been withdrawn by the standards developing organization. As a result, we have excluded these test standards from the listing below. However, under OSHA policy, the NRTL may request recognition for comparable test standards, i.e., other appropriate test standards covering similar types of product testing. Since a number of NRTLs are affected by such withdrawn standards, OSHA will publish a separate notice to make the appropriate substitutions for CSA and other NRTLs that were recognized for these standards. The Agency has contacted these NRTLs regarding this matter.

The Agency’s recognition of CSA, or any other NRTL, for a particular test standard is always limited to equipment or materials (products) for which OSHA standards require third party testing and certification before use in the workplace. An NRTL’s scope of recognition excludes any product(s) falling within the scope of the test standard for which OSHA has no such requirements.

Listing of Test Standards

ANSI A17.5 Elevators and Escalator Electrical Equipment
ANSI C37.20.1 Metal-Enclosed Low-Voltage Power Circuit-Breaker Switchgear
ANSI C37.20.2 Metal-Clad and Station-Type Cubicle Switchgear
ANSI C37.20.3 Metal-Enclosed Interrupter Switchgear
ANSI C37.21 Control Switchboards
ANSI C37.53 Fan Type Vented Wall Furnaces
ANSI C37.54 Indoor Alternating-Current High Voltage Circuit Breakers
ANSI Z21.13 Gas-Fired Low-Pressure Air Heaters
ANSI Z21.14 Domestic Gas Conversion Appliances
ANSI Z21.15 Manually Operated Gas Valves
ANSI Z21.16 Domestic Enclosed Switchgear
ANSI Z21.17 Manually Operated Gas Valves
ANSI Z21.18 Gas Appliance Pressure Ratings Above 75,000 Btu Per Hour, Circulating and Instantaneous Water Heaters
ANSI Z21.19 Domestic Enclosed Switchgear
ANSI Z21.20 Automatic Gas Ignition Systems and Components
ANSI Z21.21 Automatic Valves for Gas Appliances
ANSI Z21.22 Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems
ANSI Z21.23 Gas Appliance Thermostats
ANSI Z21.24 Gas Filters on Appliances
ANSI Z21.48 Gas-Fired Gravity and Fan Type Floor Furnaces
ANSI Z21.49 Gas-Fired Gravity and Fan Type Vented Wall Furnaces
ANSI Z21.56 Gas-Fired Pool Heaters
ANSI Z21.61 Gas-Fired Toilets
ANSI Z21.73 Portable Camp Lanterns for Use With Propane Gas
ANSI Z83.1 Gas Utilization Equipment in Large Boilers
ANSI Z83.4 Direct Gas-Fired Make-Up Air Heaters
ANSI Z83.6 Gas-Fired Infrared Heaters
ANSI Z83.7 Gas-Fired Construction Heaters
ANSI Z83.8 Gas Unit Heaters
ANSI Z83.11 Gas Food Service Equipment—Ranges and Unit broilers
UL 1 Flexible Metal Conduit
UL 3 Flexible Nonmetallic Tubing for Electric Wiring
UL 4 Armored Cable
UL 5 Surface Metal Raceways and Fittings
UL 6 Rigid Metal Conduit
UL 13 Power-Limited Circuit Cables
UL 20 General-Use Snap Switches
UL 22 Electric Amusement Machines
UL 44 Rubber-Insulated Wires and Cables
UL 45 Portable Electric Tools
UL 48 Electric Signs
UL 50 Electrical Cabinets and Boxes
UL 51 Power-Operated Pumps for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas
UL 62 Flexible Cord and Fixture Wire
UL 65 Electric Wired Cabinets
UL 67 Electric Panelboards
UL 69 Electric Fence Controllers
UL 73 Electric-Motor-Operated Appliances
UL 79 Power-Operated Pumps for Petroleum Product Dispensing Systems
UL 82 Electric Gardening Appliances
UL 83 Thermoplastic-Insulated Wires and Cables
UL 87 Power-Operated Dispensing Devices for Petroleum Products
UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances
UL 98 Enclosed and Dead-Front Switches
UL 104 Elevator Door Locking Devices
UL 122 Electric Photographic Equipment
UL 125 Valves for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas (Other Than Safety Relief)
UL 130 Electric Heating Pads
UL 132 Safety Relief Valves for Anhydrous Ammonia and LP-Gas
UL 141 Garment Finishing Appliances
UL 144 Pressure Regulating Valves for LP-Gas
UL 147 LP-and MPS-Gas Torches
UL 150 Antenna Rotators
UL 153 Portable Electric Lamps
UL 174 Household Electric Storage-Tank Water Heaters
UL 183 Manufactures Wiring Systems
UL 187 X-Ray Equipment
UL 197 Commercial Electric Cooking Appliances
UL 198B Class H Fuses
UL 198C High-Interrupting-Capacity Fuses, Current Limiting Type
UL 198D High-Interrupting-Capacity Class K Fuses
UL 198E Class R Fuses
UL 198F Plug Fuses
UL 198G Fuse for Supplementary Overcurrent Protection
UL 198H Class T Fuses
UL 198L DC Fuses for Industrial Use
UL 198M Mine-Duty Fuses
UL 207 Nonelectrical Refrigerant Containing Components and Accessories
UL 209 Cellular Metal Floor Electrical Raceways and Fittings
UL 224 Extruded Insulating Tubing
UL 228 Door Closers-Holders, and Integral Smoke Detectors
UL 231 Electrical Power Outlets
UL 244A Solid-State Controls for Appliances
UL 250 Household Refrigerators and Freezers
UL 291 Automated Teller Systems
UL 294 Access Control System Units
UL 296 Oil Burners
UL 298 Portable Electric Hand Lamps
UL 310 Electrical Quick-Connect Terminals
UL 325 Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver and Window Operators and Systems
UL 343 Pumps of Oil-Burning Appliances
UL 347 High-Voltage Industrial Control Equipment
UL 351 Electrical Rosettes
UL 353 Limit Controls
UL 355 Electric Cord Reels
UL 360 Liquid Tight Flexible Steel Conduit
UL 372 Primary Safety Controls for Gas- and Oil-Fired Appliances
UL 378 Draft Equipment
UL 391 Solid-Fuel and Combination-Fuel Control and Supplementary Furnaces
UL 399 Drinking-Water Coolers
UL 412 Refrigeration Unit Coolers
UL 414 Electrical Meter Sockets
UL 416 Refrigerated Medical Equipment
UL 427 Refrigerating Units
UL 429 Electrically Operated Valves
UL 430 Electric Waste Disposers
UL 444 Communications Cables
UL 448 Pumps for Fire Protection Service
UL 452 Antenna Discharge Units
UL 464 Audible Signal Appliances
UL 466 Electric Scales
UL 467 Electrical Grounding and Bonding Equipment
UL 469 Musical Instruments and Accessories
UL 977 Fused Power-Circuit Devices
UL 982 Motor-Operated Food Preparing Machines
UL 983 Surveillance Cameras
UL 984 Hermetic Refrigerant-Compressors
UL 987 Stationary and Fixed Electric Tools
UL 991 Tests for Safety-Related Controls Employing Solid-State Devices
UL 998 Humidifiers
UL 1002 Electrically Operated Valve for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
UL 1004 Electric Motors
UL 1005 Electric Flatirons
UL 1008 Automatic-Transfer Switches
UL 1010 Receptacle-Plug Combinations for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
UL 1012 Power Supplies
UL 1017 Electric Vacuum Cleaning Machines and Blower Cleaners
UL 1018 Electric Aquarium Equipment
UL 1020 Thermal Cutoffs for Use in Electrical Appliances and Components
UL 1022 Line Isolated Monitors
UL 1026 Electric Household Cooking and Food-Serving Appliances
UL 1028 Electric Hair-Climbing and Shaving Appliances
UL 1029 High-Intensity Discharge Lamp Ballasts
UL 1030 Sheathed Heater Elements
UL 1037 Antitheft Alarms and Devices
UL 1042 Electric Baseboard Heating Equipment
UL 1047 Isolated Power Systems Equipment
UL 1053 Ground-Fault Sensing and Relaying Equipment
UL 1054 Special-Use Switches
UL 1059 Terminal Blocks
UL 1063 Machine-Tool Wires and Cables
UL 1066 Low-Voltage AC and DC power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
UL 1069 Hospital Signaling and Nurse Call Equipment
UL 1072 Medium Voltage Power Cables
UL 1076 Proprietary Burglar-Alarm Units and Systems
UL 1077 Supplementary Protectors for Use in Electrical Equipment
UL 1081 Electric Swimming Pool Pumps, Filters and Chlorinators
UL 1082 Household Electric Coffee Makers and Brewing-Type Appliances
UL 1083 Household Electric Skillets and Frying-Type Appliances
UL 1086 Household Trash Compactors
UL 1087 Molded-Case Switches
UL 1088 Temporary Lighting Strings
UL 1090 Electric Snow Movers
UL 1097 Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electrical Equipment
UL 1203 Explosion-Proof and Dust-Ignition-Proof Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
UL 1206 Electric Commercial Clothes-Washing Equipment
UL 1207 Sewage Pumps for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations
UL 1230 Amateur Movie Lights
UL 1236 Electric Battery Chargers
UL 1238 Control Equipment for Use With Flammable Liquid Dispensing Devices
UL 1240 Electric Commercial Clothes-Drying Equipment
UL 1241 Junction Boxes for Swimming Pool Lighting Fixtures
UL 1242 Intermediate Metal Conduit
UL 1244 Electrical and Electronic Measuring and Testing Equipment
UL 1261 Electric Water Heaters for Pools and Tubs
UL 1262 Laboratory Equipment
UL 1270 Radio Receivers, Audio Systems, and Accessories
UL 1277 Electrical Power and Control Tray Cables With Optional Optical-Fiber Members
UL 1278 Moveable and Wall- or Ceiling-Hung Electric Room
UL 1283 Electromagnetic-Interference Filter
UL 1286 Office Furnishings
UL 1310 Direct Plug-In Transformer Units
UL 1313 Nonmetallic Safety Cans for Petroleum Products
UL 1323 Scaffold Hoists
UL 1409 Low-Voltage Video Products Without Cathode-Ray-Tube Displays
UL 1410 Television Receivers and High-Voltage Video Products
UL 1411 Transformers and Motor Transformers for Use In Audio-, Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances
UL 1412 Fusing Resistors and Temperature-Limited Resistors for Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances
UL 1413 High-Voltage Components for Television-Type Appliances
UL 1416 Overcurrent and Overtemperature Protectors for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
UL 1417 Special Fuses for Radio- and Television-Type Appliances
UL 1418 Implosion-Protected Cathode-Ray Tubes for Television-Type Appliances
UL 1419 Professional Video and Audio Equipment
UL 1424 Cables for Power-Limited Fire-Protective-Signaling Circuits
UL 1429 Pullout Switches
UL 1433 Control Centers for Changing Message Type Electric Signs
UL 1436 Outlet Circuit Testers and Similar Indicating Devices
UL 1437 Electrical Analog Instruments, Panelboard Types
UL 1441 Coated Electrical Sleevings
UL 1446 Electric Water Bed Heaters
UL 1447 Electric Lawn Mowers
UL 1448 Electric Hedge Trimmers
UL 1449 Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors
UL 1453 Electric Booster and Commercial Storage Tank Water Heaters
UL 1459 Telephone Equipment
UL 1484 Residential Gas Detectors
UL 1492 Audio and Video Equipment
UL 1557 Electrically Isolated Semiconductor Devices
UL 1558 Metal Enclosed Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Switchgear
UL 1559 Insect-Control Equipment, Electrocuton type
UL 1561 Large General Purpose Transformers
UL 1562 Transformers, Distribution, Dry Type—Over 600 Volts
UL 1564 Industrial Battery Chargers
UL 1565 Wire Positioning Devices
UL 1567 Receptacles and Switches Intended for Use With Aluminum Wire
UL 1569 Metal-Clad Cables
UL 1570 Fluorescent Lighting Fixtures
UL 1571 Incandescent Lighting Fixtures
UL 1572 High Intensity Discharge Lighting Fixtures
UL 1573 Stage and Studio Lighting Units
UL 1574 Track Lighting Systems
UL 1577 Optical Isolators
UL 1581 Reference Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords
UL 1585 Class 2 and Class 3 Transformers
UL 1594 Sewing and Cutting Machines
UL 1604 Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I and II, Division 2 and Class III Hazardous (Classified) Locations
UL 1610 Central-Station Burglar-Alarm Units
UL 1635 Digital Burglar Alarm Communicator System Units
UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances
UL 1647 Motor-Operated Massage and Exercise Machines
UL 1651 Optical Fiber Cable
UL 1660 Liquid-Tight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit
UL 1662 Electric Chain Saws
UL 1666 Standard Test for Flame Propagation Height of Electrical and Optical-Fiber Cables Installed Vertically in Shafts
UL 1676 Discharge Path Resistors
UL 1681 Wiring Device Configurations
similar standards that are included for the expansion request.

The designations and titles of the above test standards were current at the time of preparation of the notice of preliminary finding.

Expansion of Recognition—Additional Test Standards

OSHA limits the expansion of recognition of CSA to testing and certification of products to demonstrate compliance to the following 144 test standards. OSHA has determined that each standard meets the requirements for an appropriate test standard, within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.7(c).

ANSI C37.09 Standard Test Procedure for AC High-Voltage Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current Basis

ANSI C37.013 AC High-Voltage Generator Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Basis

ANSI C37.13 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used In Enclosures

ANSI C37.14 Low-Voltage DC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures

ANSI C37.17 Trip Devices for AC and General Purpose DC Low-Voltage Power Circuit Breakers

ANSI C37.18–1979 Enclosed Field Discharge Circuit Breakers for Rotating Electric Machinery

ANSI C37.29–1981 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Protectors Used in Enclosures

ANSI C37.45 Distribution Enclosed Single-Pole Air Switches


ANSI C37.50 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures—Test Procedures

ANSI C37.51 Metal-Enclosed Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit-Breaker Switchgear Assemblies—Conformance Test Procedures

ANSI C37.52 Low-Voltage AC Power Circuit Protectors Used in Enclosures—Test Procedures

ANSI C37.53.1 High-Voltage Current Motor-Starter Fuses—Conformance Test Procedures

ANSI C37.66 Oil-Filled Capacitor Switches for Alternating-Current Systems—Requirements

ANSI C37.71 Three Phase, Manually Operated Subsurface Load Interrupting Switches for Alternating-Current Systems

ANSI C57.13 Requirements for Instrument Transformers

ANSI C57.13.2 Instrument Transformers—Conformance Test Procedures

ANSI S82.02.01 Electric and Electronic Test, Measuring, Controlling, and Related Equipment: General Requirement

ANSI/NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment

ANSI Z21.5.1 Gas Clothes Dryers—Type 1

ANSI Z21.10.1 Gas Water Heaters—Automatic Storage Type Water Heaters with Inputs of 70,000 Btu Per Hour or Less

ANSI Z21.24 Metal Connectors for Gas Appliances


ANSI Z21.41 Quick-Disconnect Devices for Use with Gas Fuel

ANSI Z21.50 Vented Decorative Gas Appliances

ANSI Z21.60 Decorative Gas Appliances for Installation in Vented Fireplaces

ANSI Z21.69 Connectors for Movable Gas Appliances

ANSI Z283.17 Direct Gas Fired Door Heaters

ANSI Z283.18 Direct Gas-Fired Industrial Air Heaters

FMRC 3600 Electrical Equipment for Use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations, General Requirements

FMRC 3610 Intrinsically Safe Apparatus and Associated Apparatus for Use in Class I, II and III, Division 1 Hazardous (Classified) Locations

FMRC 3611 Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I, Division 2; Class II, Division 2; and Class III, Division 1 and 2 Hazardous Locations

FMRC 3615 Explosionproof Electrical Equipment, General Requirements

FMRC 3620 Purged and Pressurized Electrical Equipment for Hazardous (Classified) Locations

FMRC 6310 Combustible Gas Detectors

UL 5A Nonmetallic Surface Raceways and Fittings

UL 5B Strut-Type Channel Raceways and Fittings

UL 96 Lightning Protection Components

UL 201 Garage Equipment

UL 218 Fire Pump Controllers

UL 234 Low Voltage Lighting Fixtures for Use in Recreational Vehicles

UL 248–1 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 1: General Requirements

UL 248–2 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 2: Class C Fuses

UL 248–3 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 3: Class CA and CB Fuses

UL 248–4 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 4: Class CC Fuses

UL 248–5 Low-Voltage Fuses—Part 5: Class G Fuses

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UL 8730–2–9 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Temperature Sensing Controls
UL 8730–2–14 Automatic Electrical Controls for Household and Similar Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electric Actuators

(1) These standards are approved for equipment or materials intended for use in commercial and industrial power system applications. These standards are not approved for equipment or materials intended for use in installations that are excluded from the provisions of Subpart S in 29 CFR 1910, in particular Section 1910.302(a)(2).

The Canadian Standards Association (CSA) has prepared this notice of the renewal of recognition of Entela, Inc. (ENT), as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). ENT’s renewal covers its existing scope of recognition, which may be found in OSHA’s informational web page for the NRTL (http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/ent.html).

OSHA recognition of an NRTL signifies that the organization has met the legal requirements in Section 1910.7 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR 1910.7). Recognition is an acknowledgment that the organization can perform independent safety testing and certification of the specific products covered within its scope of recognition and is not a delegation or grant of government authority. As a result of recognition, employers may use products “properly certified” by the NRTL to meet OSHA standards that require testing and certification.

The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansion or renewal of their recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the Federal Register in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding, and in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on the application. These notices set forth the NRTL’s scope of recognition or modifications of that scope.

Entela, Inc., was originally founded in 1974 as a Michigan Corporation specializing in structural steel inspection. In 1981, equipment and personnel were added to initiate an in-house materials laboratory. This was followed by a formation of certification programs within Entela, Inc. The original company was founded as Entel Engineering Services.

Entela received its recognition as an NRTL on July 26, 1994 (59 FR 37997), for a period of five years ending July 26, 1999. Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7 stipulates that the period of recognition of an NRTL is five years and that an NRTL may renew its recognition by applying not less than nine months, nor more than one year, before the expiration date of its current recognition. Entela submitted a request to renew its recognition on August 10, 1998 (see Exhibit 15), within the time allotted, and retains its recognition pending OSHA’s final decision in this renewal process.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
[Docket No. NRTL2–93]

Entela, Inc., Renewal of Recognition
AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor.
ACTION: Notice.
SUMMARY: This notice announces the Agency’s final decision on the application of Entela, Inc., for renewal of its recognition as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) under 29 CFR 1910.7.
EFFECTIVE DATE: This renewal becomes effective on July 3, 2001 and will be valid until July 3, 2006, unless terminated or modified prior to that date, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.7.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bernard Pasquet, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, NRTL Program, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N3653, Washington, D.C. 20210, or phone (202) 693–2110.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Notice of Final Decision

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hereby gives notice of the renewal of recognition of Entela, Inc. (ENT), as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). ENT’s renewal covers its existing scope of recognition, which may be found in OSHA’s informational web page for the NRTL (http://www.osha-slc.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/ent.html).

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The Agency processes applications by an NRTL for initial recognition or for expansion or renewal of their recognition following requirements in Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. This appendix requires that the Agency publish two notices in the Federal Register in processing an application. In the first notice, OSHA announces the application and provides its preliminary finding, and in the second notice, the Agency provides its final decision on the application. These notices set forth the NRTL’s scope of recognition or modifications of that scope.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
[FR Doc. 01–16671 Filed 7–2–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–26–P