Respiratory Protection Post Test

Name: ___________________________  Date: ___________________________

1. You need to have training in respirator use:
   a) At least annually
   b) If changes in operations require a different type of respirator
   c) If you are not using the respirator correctly
   d) All of the above

2. What contaminants do air-purifying respirators protect employees from?
   a) Dusts
   b) Aerosols/mists and vapors
   c) gases
   d) all of the above

3. The type of respirator used is based on:
   a) The chemical properties of the contaminant in the air
   b) The permissible exposure limit of the contaminant
   c) The oxygen level in the air
   d) All of the above

4. When should a respirator be inspected?
   a) Only after use in an “Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health” environment
   b) annually
   c) before and after each use
   d) as determined by the respirator wearer

5. OSHA doesn’t permit employees to use respirators unless employers identify a hazard and provide the equipment.
   a) True
   b) False
6. Respirators are required when engineering controls are not able to lower exposures to permissible limits.
   c) True
d) False

7. When inspecting a respirator you should look for dirt, cracks, tears, missing gaskets, broken buckles, and loss of elasticity.
   e) True
   f) False

8. If there is not enough oxygen in the work area, use an air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
   a) True
   b) False

9. If a gas or vapor seems to be getting through your respirator, you should report it and check it out once the workday is over.
   a) True
   b) False

10. A respirator cartridge contains a filter, sorbent, catalyst, or combination of these items which removes specific contaminants from the air passed through the cartridge. Cartridges are color-coded by the manufacturer and do not expire.
    a) True
    b) False

This material was produced under grant number SH-05059-SH8 from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. It does not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. Department of Labor, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.