1) What is the purpose of OSHA’s Hazard Communication Standard?
   a. it provides you with specific information about fire hazards.
   b. ensures your right to know about chemical hazards in the workplace.
   c. communicates workplace hazards to jobsite craft labor.
   d. train you about carcinogens, mutagens and other health hazards.

2) What does GHS Stand for?
   a. Globally Harmonized System
   b. Good Health Safety
   c. Global Health Strategies

3) When you transfer a chemical into a secondary container, but end up not using it immediately and/or completely, you should _____
   a. ensure that the secondary container gets properly labeled.
   b. empty the container.
   c. place the container in a fireproof chemical storage cabinet.
   d. Place a “danger do not use” tag on the container.

4) GHS label signal words are _____
   a. danger and hazardous.
   b. danger and caution.
   c. danger and warning.
   d. none of the above.

5) Pictograms on a GHS safety data sheet or label are _____
   a. pictures of chemical hazards.
   b. symbols that give you specific information about chemical hazards.
   c. graphics of hazardous chemicals.
   d. none of the above.
6) Under the requirements of the GHS system, manufacturers will transmit information about hazardous chemicals through:
   a. Material Safety Data Sheets
   b. Safety Data Sheets

7) There are only _____ sections in the GHS safety data sheet format.
   a. 6
   b. 16
   c. 26
   d. 36

8) Which of the following will be present on every label?
   a. Signal words
   b. Supplier identification
   c. Hazard pictogram(s)
   d. All of the above

9) Chemicals can enter into the human body by _____
   a. inhalation.
   b. ingestion.
   c. absorption through the skin and injection.
   d. all of the above.

10) A written Hazard Communication Program is required for every workplace with the possibility of employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.
    a. True
    b. False
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