Amputation Prevention Quiz

T F 1. Machinery and machine guarding are designed to protect workers during normal production operations.

T F 2. The three types of hazardous motion are rotating, reciprocating and transverse.

T F 3. Power transmission apparatus is where work is performed on material such as rolling, cutting, forming or shaping.

T F 4. Allowing for safe lubrication is one of the six characteristics of an effective guard.

T F 5. Nip points may result from parts rotating in opposite directions.

T F 6. Lockout is necessary when servicing or cleaning equipment, but is an unnecessary step when clearing jams.

T F 7. The engineers who design planers designed them to jam up so you have to stick your hands into the point of operation to free the jammed material.

T F 8. If you are required to place any part of your body into an area on a machine or piece of equipment where work is actually performed on material or where an associated danger zone exists during a machine operating cycle, you must lockout.

T F 9. Service and maintenance include unjamming, making adjustments and cleaning activities.

T F 10. Lockout protects you during servicing and maintenance.

Extra Credit

T F 11. It is your right to not operate equipment that has missing, damaged or inadequate guards.

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