## **Post-test Soil Classification**

- 1. Benching is an acceptable form of protection in type C soil.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 2. Sloping is the only acceptable form of protection in an excavation.
  - a. True
  - <mark>b. False</mark>
- 3. A visual test is good enough to decide a soil type for that excavation.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 4. In stable rock such as granite or sandstone, the walls can be vertical.
  - <mark>a. True</mark>
  - b. False
- 5. At what depth do you need a protective system in trenches?
  - a. 3 feet
  - b. 4 feet
  - <mark>c. 5 feet</mark>
  - d. 10 feet
- 6. What is the angle of excavation for stable rock?
  - a. 45°
  - b. 65°
  - c. 75°
  - <mark>d. 90°</mark>
- 7. Type A soil is:
  - a. Solid rock
  - b. Clay like soil
  - c. Sand
  - d. None of the above
- 8. Stable rock is:
  - Natural solid mineral matter that can be excavated with vertical sides and remain intact while exposed
  - b. Same as type a
  - c. Same as type b
  - d. None of the above

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- 9. Type B soil is:
  - a. Solid rock
  - b. Clay like soil, that has been disturbed
  - c. Sand
  - d. None of the above
- 10. Type C soil is:
  - a. Solid rock
  - b. Clay like soil
  - <mark>c. Sand</mark>
  - d. None of the above
- 11. If the thumb makes an indentation in the soil only with great difficulty, the soil is probably:
  - <mark>a. Type a</mark>
  - b. Type b
  - c. Type c
  - d. Stable rock
- 12. How much does a cubic yard of soil weigh?
  - a. 3000 lbs.
  - b. 1000 lbs.
  - c. 500 lbs.
  - d. 10000 lbs.
- 13. What is a penetrometer?
  - a. Instrument that uses blades that are pressed into soil to define comprehensive strength
  - b. Instrument used to determine the unconfined compressive strength of soil
  - c. A piece of equipment used to identify different hazardous materials in the soil
  - d. None of the above
- 14. What is a shearvane?
  - a. Instrument that uses blades that are pressed into soil to define comprehensive strength
  - b. Instrument used to determine the unconfined compressive strength of soil
  - c. A piece of equipment used to identify different hazardous materials in the soil
  - d. None of the above
- 15. Where soils are configured in layers, i.e., where a layered geologic structure exists, the soil must be classified:
  - a. As the strongest soil
  - b. As the weakest soil
  - c. As a class c soil only
  - d. None of the above

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