Situational Awareness Post-Test

	Situational Awareness Post-Test
	Name:
	Date:
1.	Good Communication can prevent a. Accidents from happening b. Miscommunication during times of emergency c. Blocking of situational awareness d. All of the above
2.	Three key elements when looking at Situational Awareness is: a. Past, Present, and Future b. Time, Location, temperature c. Stress, Timeframe, Human action d. None of the above
3.	The Goal of this situational awareness was to: a. Give tools to Identify possible safe and unsafe atmospheres b. Get you to focus on your job tasks c. Give you pointless information d. Tell you the importance of communication
4.	Taking in all the information and taking out information that isn't relevant to your situation is called: a. Judgement b. Your gut feeling c. Information Filtering d. Selective learning
5.	When we learn we often chunk information into: a. Knowledge b. Schema c. Situational Awareness d. Learning
6.	We can assess the things we are not aware of a. True

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b. False

- 7. Things blocking Situational awareness are all of the following **EXCEPT**:
 - a. Excessive Motivation
 - b. Overload
 - c. Fatigue
 - d. Good Communications
- 8. Stress impairs situational awareness:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 9. Excessive motivation comes from all of the following **EXCEPT**:
 - a. Family
 - b. Work Deadline
 - c. Boss
 - d. Complacency
- 10. We look at the past, present and future in regards to situational awareness because of all of the following **EXCEPT:**
 - a. It tells us what has and could happen with a given set of factors
 - b. Shows the areas of greatest risk
 - c. Shows what could happen with a given set of factors
 - d. It shows no accidents are preventable
- 11. Fatigue cannot cause blocking situational awareness:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 12. As soon as you see a potential hazard you should?
 - a. See how it plays out
 - b. Notify supervisor and try to fix hazard as soon as possible
 - c. Vaguely tell another employee not to go over there
 - d. Complain that something is unsafe and do nothing to fix it
- 13. To maintain Situational awareness you should:
 - a. Know what tasks are being performed and when estimated time of completion
 - b. Focus solely on your job tasks
 - c. When changes occur make note of them and move on
 - d. Give safety information only to your personal

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- 14. Occupational Safety and Health Act of:
 - a. 1960
 - b. 1990
 - c. 1970
 - d. 1980
- 15. Safety is everyone's responsibility:
 - a. True
 - b. False

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