Participant Notes Pages Fall & Electrical Hazards - Section 1: Stand TALL

Youth & Grain

• Youth under							
Do not work in/around grain storage unless							
 Do not work inside grain structures when grain is being							
	, or						
Properly trained by experienced & knowledgeable			for all tasks.				
Knowledge about ladder/clim	nbing safety						
Employers must comply with		·					
Stand T.A.L.L.							
Talk.	Learn						
Employee Rights www	.whistleblowers.gov		www.osha.gov				
Workers are entitled to:							
1	&	worl	king conditions which DO				
NOT pose a risk of seriou	ıs harm.						
2. Fair compensation.							
3	_ unsafe or unhealthy	working condition	ons without retaliation.				
<u>Major Grain Hazards</u>							
Entrapment/Engulfment		• Other Haza	ards				
			11.0.5				
Entanglement		○ Dust					
•		o Struck	Зу				
•		o Noise e	xposure Young Workers				
Chapter 3 Participant Materials	1	4	STAND TALL Talk. Ask. Learn. Live				

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Participant Notes Pages Fall & Electrical Hazards - Section 2: Fall Hazards

<u>Sa</u>	ime Level Falls			Elevated Falls				
•	Most		•	Higher to lower level				
•	Slips and Trips		•	common,severe				
•	Hit an object as they fall		•	Over 65% less than feet				
<u>La</u>	dders							
•				main cause of falls				
•	2 ladder categories:							
	0	ladders						
	0	ladders						
•	Some safety strategies are common to all types of ladders							
•	 Free NIOSH Ladder Safety App: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/falls/</u> 							
<u>Sa</u>	<u>ife Ladder Use</u>							
•	Only	on ladder!		Do not overreach				
•	Climb points of contact			Never carry tools/materials				
•	Always I	adder rungs		• Use a				
•	 Stay centered on rungs between rails 			or hand line				
Pe	ersonal Ladder Use							
•	Never jump off or slide down		•	Do not use – under influence of medicine,				
•	Do not use - broke, bent or mi	ssing parts		alcohol, drugs				
•	Wear, slip re	sistant shoes	•	Use fall protection on fixed ladders				
•	Do not use – tired or			Young Workers				
Ch	apter 3 Participant Materials		2	STAND TALL				

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Ladder Use Safety Tips

- Use _____
 - _____ ladder for the job
- ladders before use
- Ladder feet ______ firm level surface
- Never place ladder on top of other objects
- Never exceed maximum load rating

Single/Extension Ladder Set-up – DO

- Incline _____ ratio
- Extend _____feet
- Secure top & bottom
- _____ extension ladders
- Support at openings
- Use ladder levelers on uneven surfaces

Step Ladder Set-Up - DO

- ______ support for feet
- Fully _____ base and
- ______ spreaders
- Set-up ______ to work

- Never _____ ladder when
- Do not use within ______

person is on it

- _____ of power lines
- Do not use in bad weather
- Keep free of oil, grease, debris, etc

Single/Extension Ladder Safety DO NOT

- Set-up ladder upside-down
- _____ length
 - tie two ladders together
 - tie ladder sections together
- Never stand ______ step
 - indicated on label

<u>Step Ladder Safety – DO NOT</u>

- Climb the side or ______
- Step or stand on
 - o top cap
 - 0 _____

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- o bucket/pail shelf
- Use as a _____ ladder
- Use in partially open positiong Workers

Fixed Ladder Safety

- Extend ______ above landing surface
- Total length is ______ feet or more
 - _____ Ο
 - Personal fall protection system
 - Ladder safety system
- Rest/work platforms offsets; 50 feet

Protect Against Falls – 2 Ways

Restraint - keeps person from_____

- _____- railings, barrier, etc.
- Personal fall (restraint) protection system

Structural Restraints

- Floor ______ grates, covering
- Railings ______ sides
 - Top rail, mid-rail & toe board
- Ladder/platform entrance
 - swing gate, barrier, offset



Chapter 3 Participant Materials

Fall Protection Required

- Heights of ______ feet and over •
- Above or next to _____
- Floor & pit openings
- Stair & ladder openings
- Work platforms

Arrest - _____

when it occurs

Personal fall arrest system – PFAS

Personal Fall Protection System



Participant Notes Pages Fall & Electrical Hazards – Section 3: Electrical Hazards

How Electricity Works

- Looks for path to the ______
- Takes ______, most ______ route

Electrical Injuries

Electric shock/electrocution – Current flows through the body causing damage.

Severity

- Amount of ______
- _____ of current
- •_____

Causes

- Falls
- Drop tools/objects
- Burns
 - Electrical –
 - o ______ heat



- Women feel effects sooner
- Women have _____ threshold of men

Electrical Effect

A 60 watt light bulb

- Draws 1/2 amp
- 1/2 amp = _____ milliamperes
- _____ milliamperes can cause death



Notes Pages Section 3: Electrical Hazards, continued

Electrical Hazard Consequences

- Electrocution
 - o _____ contact
 - Contact with overhead power lines
- . _____
 - \circ $\;$ Electric spark ignites explosive mix $\;$

Overhead Power Lines

- _____ for overhead power
 lines
- ALWAYS _____ and

secure auger before transport

_____ work near power lines

Detasseling Corn

Supervisor

- ______ for hazards
- Irrigation equipment ______
- Properly supervise workers

Lock out/Tag out/Try out - LOTO

LOTO controls energy sources

• Lock out – De-energize & make

_____ energy sources inoperable

Fires o _____ circuit Faulty wiring causes ______ current power if must work near lines BE AWARE of long ______ • REMAIN in vehicle if contact is made • Call 911 Young workers Stay ______ from irrigation equipment Enter field only when told • Tag out – _____ & inform others Try out – make sure lock out works

Keeps others from turning machines on!



Notes Pages Section 3: Electrical Hazards, continued

When to use Lockout/Tagout

- _____ any maintenance/service
 - Work ______ equipment
 - Any body part in point of operation
- Before
 - Storage structures bins, silos
 - Confined spaces
- Bypass or _____ quard

Performing Lock out/Tag out

Young Workers

- NEVER perform LOTO
- ONLY authorized adult performs
- _____ in LOTO policy
 - By competent adult
 - Know _____ can perform LOTO
- Attach _____ lock & hold _____
- Supervised by adult

If Someone is Electrocuted

- - Trained & able to do safely
 - Assume wire is *live*; do NOT approach
- Immediately call 911

LOTO = 1 Lock, 1 key, 1 person



Your lock cannot be opened with another key

Stand T.A.L.L. –

Young Workers

- _____ to supervisor about LOTO
- ______ supervisor if LOTO was done
- LEARN
 - o _____ LOTO is done
 - Put your own lock on
- LIVE if LOTO is not done, ______

_____ do the job

- _____ power source Do *NOT* physically aid victim
 - Must be _____
 - Keep victim calm & still
 - Must verify energy is disconnected
 - Young

Ask. Learn.

Insist on medical attention

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Chapter 3 Participant Materials