An important part of this program is the evaluation of how well we have succeeded in increasing your knowledge of Competent Person Programs as applied to Fall Protection in Construction. Please mark whether you think the following statements are true or false.

1. Every employee who may be exposed to fall hazards is required to be trained but "certification" of training records are not required.  
   True  False  ○ ○

2. The provision of Competent Persons should be specifically provided for in a company's contracts with its subcontractors.  
   True  False  ○ ○

3. The absence of a Competent Person is seldom cited by OSHA as the basis for serious violations.  
   True  False  ○ ○

4. A 200 pound person jumping from a height of 3 feet would hit the ground with a force of approximately 250 pounds.  
   True  False  ○ ○

5. One effective control measures for fall hazards is to assign monitors to warn workers if they are too close to an unprotected fall exposure.  
   True  False  ○ ○

6. If the planks of a scaffold platform deflect one-sixtieth (1/60) of the span or 2 inches in a 10-foot wooden plank, the plank has been damaged and must not be used.  
   True  False  ○ ○

7. Lifelines shall be independent of support lines and suspension ropes and not attached to the same anchorage point as the support or suspension ropes unless the Competent Person has determined it is safe to do so.  
   True  False  ○ ○

8. For Steel Erection, only designated connectors do not need to wear a harness and utilize fall-arrest systems to tie off unless they themselves deem it to be necessary.  
   True  False  ○ ○

9. An employee is spackling painting on stilts next to a guarded edge. The guardrail must be altered to a sufficient height to protect the fall hazard  
   True  False  ○ ○

10. On suspended scaffolds only those items specifically designed as counterweights shall be used; other materials (e.g. sand, gravel, masonry units, etc.) cannot be as counterweights.  
    True  False  ○ ○