1. Falls most often occur during roofing, scaffold and ________ operations.
   a. Balancing
   b. Digging
   c. Ladder
   d. Crane

2. Falls most often happen to all of the following trades except which one?
   a. Roofers
   b. Forklift Operators
   c. Painters
   d. Electricians

3. The head and the ________ are the areas most often injured during a fall.
   a. Back
   b. Toe
   c. Wrist
   d. Knee

4. There is a right way to fall.
   a. True  b. False

5. Which statement is true?
   a. A fall harness is the best form of fall protection because it limits how far you fall.
   b. Doing work on the ground is the safest form of fall protection.

6. The cost of a fall includes which of the following?
   a. Workers comp costs
   b. Lawsuits
   c. Damage to company’s image
   d. All of the above

7. The three components of a safety system are:
   a. Recognition, Refinement and Improvement
   b. Truth, Humility and Teamwork
   c. Employers, Employees and Civilians
   d. Cultural, Operational and Managerial

8. The top down approach is run by management with employee involvement.
   a. True  b. False

9. Is the bottom up approach
   a. Proactive
   b. Reactive
Fall Protection – Taking it to a Whole New Level – Test Review

The following questions ask about each of the 6 parts of a system match each part with its definition.

a. Input
b. Output
c. Outcome
d. Boundary
e. Feedback Loop
f. Processing

10. This part of the system explains what the system will cover.  A – B – C – D – E – F

11. This is the part of a system where the safety decisions are made.  A – B – C – D – E – F

12. This is the part of the system where we look for the desired conditions and activities.  A – B – C – D – E – F

13. This is the part of the system where the work occurs.  A – B – C – D – E – F

14. This is the first phase where hazards are recognized.  A – B – C – D – E – F

15. This part of the system is where results are reviewed to see if the system is working.  A – B – C – D – E – F

16. The Managerial component is the working component in the safety system.
   a. True  b. False

17. The Operational component is the component that plans each part of the safety system.
   a. True  b. False

18. The three values of a safety system are: I have a right to safety. I am responsible for my own safety and ________.
   a. I duty to the safety manager for safety
   b. I can do all things safely
   c. I duty to more supervisor for safety
   d. I have a duty for the safety of my co-workers

19. Which of the following hazards would you fix first
   a. **One that could cause a fatality to many people on a daily basis**
   b. One that could cause a fatality once or twice a year to a couple people
   c. One that could cause someone to cut their finger on a daily basis
   d. One that would cause a bruise once or twice a year to one person

20. What is the correct order of effectiveness for fall protection?
   a. Warning Lines, Fall Arrest, Engineering, Elimination, Safety Monitoring
   b. Fall Arrest, Warning, Lines Engineering, Safety Monitoring, Elimination
   c. Safety Monitoring, Elimination, Fall Arrest, Warning Lines, Engineering
   d. **Elimination, Engineering, Fall Arrest, Warning Lines, Safety Monitoring**

21. Fall protection is required in construction at ____ feet and on scaffolds at ____ feet
   a. **6 and 10 feet**
   b. 1 and 2 feet
   c. Not required
   d. 4 feet for both
Fall Protection – Taking it to a Whole New Level – Test Review

22. The following are hazards when working on a ladder except which one:
   a. Using wrong type of ladder
   b. Losing balance by reaching out too far
   c. Slipping on a dirty rung or step
   d. All are hazards

23. A step ladder must extend at least three feet above the roof.
   a. True
   b. False
   c. You are talking about a straight or extension ladder not a step ladder

24. When inspecting a ladder if you notice a hazard it is ok to use it just this one time.
   a. True  b. False

25. When working on a ladder you want to make sure that you walk up and down the ladder with your back to the ladder.
   a. True  b. False

26. When working on scaffolds the hazards includes all of the following except?
   a. Scaffold collapsing
   b. Scaffold fully decked
   c. Scaffold damaged by a forklift
   d. Scaffold missing top or mid rail

27. All of the following are types of scaffolds except:
   a. Supported
   b. Mobile
   c. Suspended
   d. Disposable

28. A scaffold must be inspected by:
   a. A Scaffold Competent Person
   b. Someone that knows that all wheels must be locked on mobile scaffolds
   c. Someone
   d. Supervisor

29. When working on scaffolding it is ok to use a bucket or a board to reach a higher level.
   a. True  b. False

30. Roofing, precast concrete erection, wall openings, leading edge work, holes, residential framing/roofing and steel erection are all what type of work
   a. Carpenter
   b. Elevated
   c. Confined
   d. Hot

31. It is ok for unauthorized people to be on a roof as long as they are careful
   a. True  b. False
Fall Protection – Taking it to a Whole New Level – Test Review

32. Which of the following is correct
   a. Build guardrails around three out of four sides when working on a roof
   b. Putting up a piece of string with one or two flags on all four sides of the roof
   c. Attach anchorages for each person working on the roof and equipping each of person with a fall harness and lanyard
   d. Have a person in a trailer watch the workers on the roof and warn them if they get to close

33. When constructing a controlled decking zone it is ok to deck a 200 x 200 area without any conventional fall protection.
   a. True
   b. False

34. Companies that value the safety of their employees have a _________ morale than companies that do not value safety.
   a. Lower
   b. Average
   c. Higher

35. Companies that have safety systems have higher workers comp costs.
   a. True  b. False

36. Large Contractors like companies
   a. Without safety programs and high accident rates
   b. With safety systems and low accident rates

37. Why should we have a safety system?
   Answers from any of slides 232 -239

38. When creating a safety system you must have visible commitment from
   a. Top Management
   b. Middle Management
   c. Employees
   d. All of the above

39. An organizational structure must have parts/players identified, assembled and connected. What else must we have,
   a. Money
   b. Goals
   c. Equipment
   d. Computers

40. Once you develop a system there is no need to worry about improving it.
   a. True  b. False