Big Four Construction Hazards: Struck-by Hazards

Post Evaluation

Participant Identification: _______________________

Circle the most appropriate answer for each question.

1) Struck-by hazards cause only minor injuries and are not a big concern to construction workers.
   A. True
   B. False

2) A struck-by hazard can be described as:
   A. Not wearing a seatbelt while driving a forklift.
   B. Anytime a worker has the potential to be struck or hit by an object.
   C. Anytime a worker can get any part of his body caught in or in between objects.
   D. Falling off a roof.

3) _______ is an example of a stuck-by hazard.
   A. A worker bumps her/his head against electrical equipment and is electrocuted.
   B. A worker falls through a skylight.
   C. A steel member is being hoisted to the next level and swings, hitting a worker.
   D. A worker is crushed by an excavator.

4) When working on interior jobs on construction sites, hardhats are not required because there are no overhead hazards that they could protect you from.
   A. True
   B. False

5) When working near vehicles and equipment, you must:
   A. Never place yourself between a vehicle and an immovable object such as a building.
   B. Make eye contact with the operator before crossing the path of the vehicle.
   C. Always watch for operators who may not be watching you.
   D. All the above.

6) Hardhats are the only personal protective equipment required on construction sites.
   A. True
   B. False
7) On a construction site you should store materials:
   A. Anyway you want to.
   B. So they do not fall.
   C. As high as you can.
   D. Only on the roof.

8) All rigging used to lift materials must be inspected:
   A. Daily
   B. Before each use.
   C. Monthly
   D. When you think about it.

9) To prevent materials from slipping when lifted, you should:
   A. Tightly secure them.
   B. Lift the load evenly.
   C. Both A and B.
   D. Neither A or B.

10) Workers are exposed to what types of vehicle traffic in a work zone?
    A. Heavy equipment and motorist traffic.
    B. Motorist traffic.
    C. Heavy equipment traffic.
    D. Air traffic.