



a. The end-user.

prepare safety data sheets (SDSs).

b. The chemical manufacturer or importer.

Evaluation 2 Key Susan Harwood Training Grant SH-24928-SH3

1. ______ is required to classify chemical hazards, label containers for shipping, and

	c. The fire department.
	d. OSHA.
2	A chemical can have both physical and health hazards.
۷.	A chemical can have both physical and health hazards.
	True or false?
2	Flammable liquids and gases under pressure are examples of:
٦.	Transmable inquites and gases ander pressure are examples of.
	a. Substances that do not need SDSs.
	b. Hazardous chemicals that are classified as having physical hazards.
	c. Hazardous chemicals that are classified as having combustion hazards.
	d. Chemicals that do not need to have HazCom labels.
4.	Labels for shipped containers do not need to include:
	a. The shipping instructions.
	b. A signal word.c. A pictogram.
	d. The name, address, and phone number of chemical manufacturer, importer or other responsible party.
	e. The product identifier.
	f. A precautionary statement.
	g. A hazard statement.



- 5. Flame, exploding bomb, and exclamation mark are examples of:
 - a. Physical hazards.
 - b. Pictograms on labels for shipped containers.
 - c. Product identifiers.
 - d. Hazard statements.
- 6. OSHA requires SDSs to include information on all of the following except:
 - a. Product identifier, hazard identification, information on ingredients.
 - b. First aid measures, fire-fighting measures, exposure controls.
 - c. Ecological information, disposal considerations, transport information.
 - d. Fire-fighting measures.
- 7. "Do NOT induce vomiting" is considered what type of statement under HazCom 2012 &GHS?
 - a. Hazard Statement
 - b. Pictogram Statement
 - c. Precautionary Statement
 - d. Signal Statement
 - e. Identifier Statement
- 8. The pictograms below are considered what type of hazard?





- a. Health Hazards
- b. Physical Hazards